

# **Comparison of HALOE and MLS HCl with Calculated Time Series from Several Photochemical Models**

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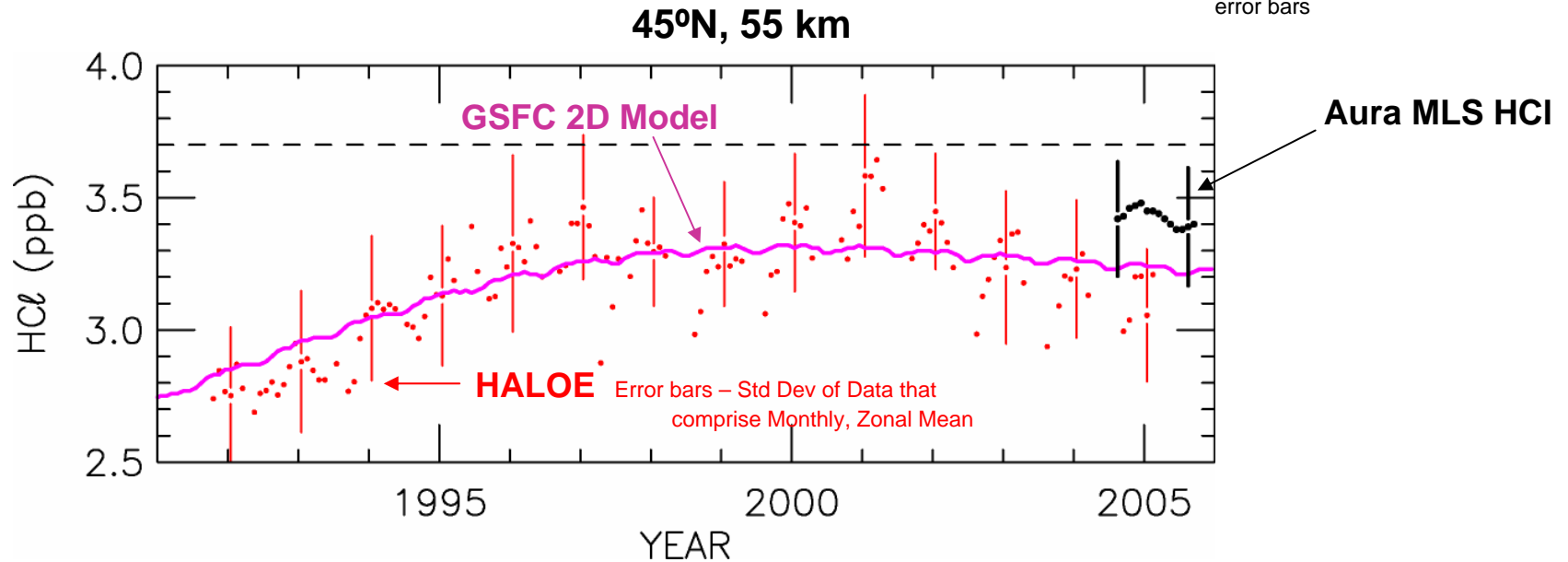
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Den Haag, Netherlands  
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# Introduction

Error bars –  
Std Dev of Data in Monthly, Zonal Mean

NOTE: Uncertainty in MLS zonal, monthly mean is 5-6 times better than these error bars

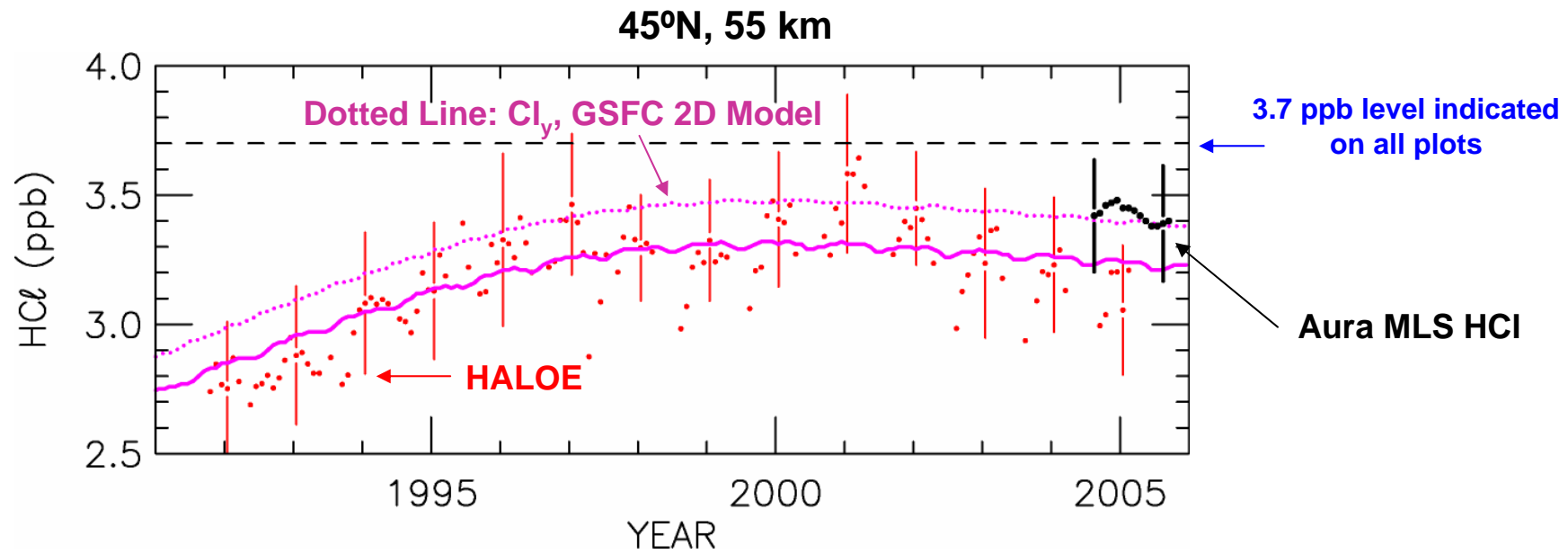


- Zonal, monthly mean HALOE HCl agrees fairly well with this 2D model calculation
- Model run: GSFC 2D model with climatological transport  
Jackman et al., JGR, 2005
- Focus on:

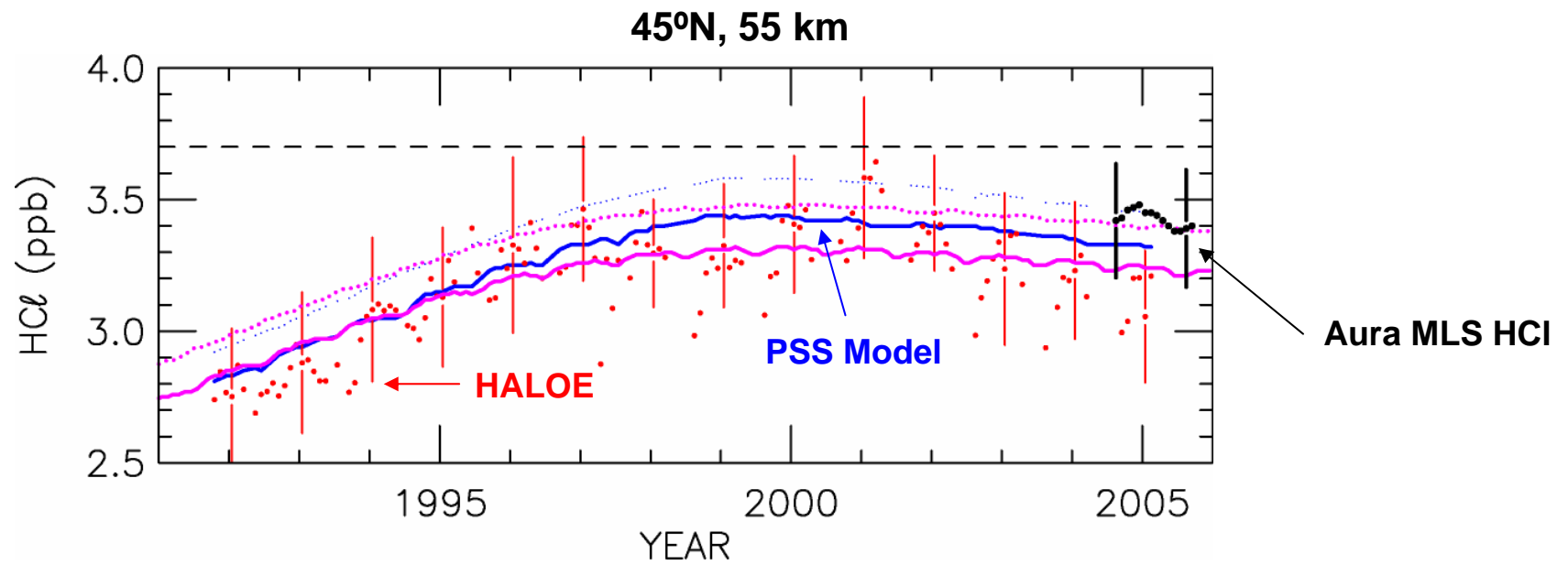
## Factors that govern this comparison

- age of air (mean value & shape of distribution)
- contribution from **very short lived (VSL)** organics to  $\text{Cl}_y$

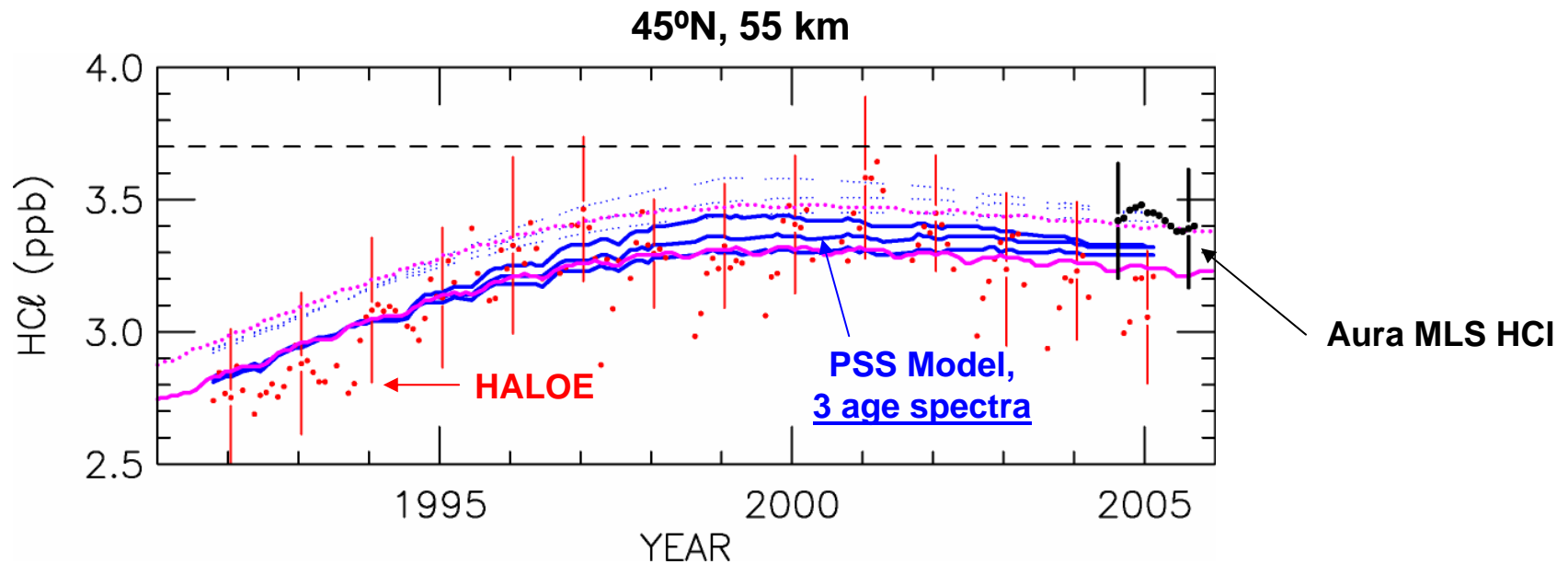
# $\text{Cl}_y$ appears as DOTTED LINES



# PSS Model Results appear as BLUE LINES

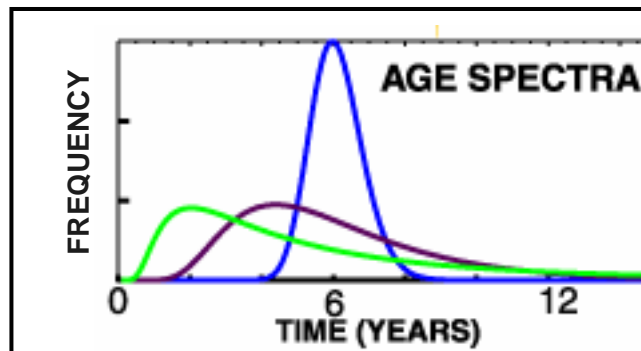


# Three PSS Lines representing air with Same Mean Age, different “Age Spectra”



Three age of air spectra included for all PSS simulations:

- Mean age of 6 years
- Widths of 0.01, 2.0, and 3.0 yrs

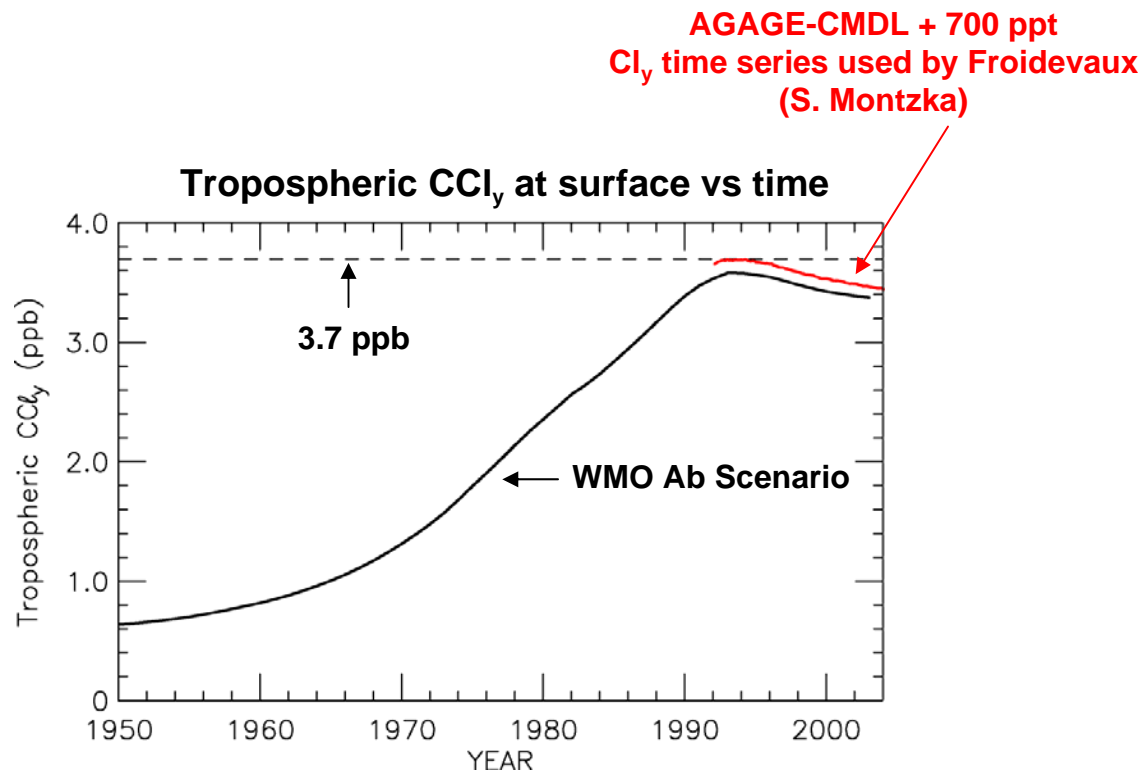
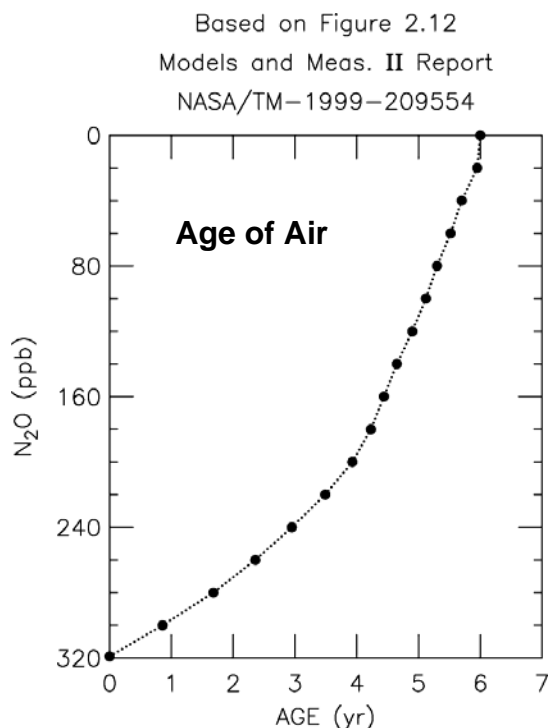


Waugh et al., GRL, 2001 :

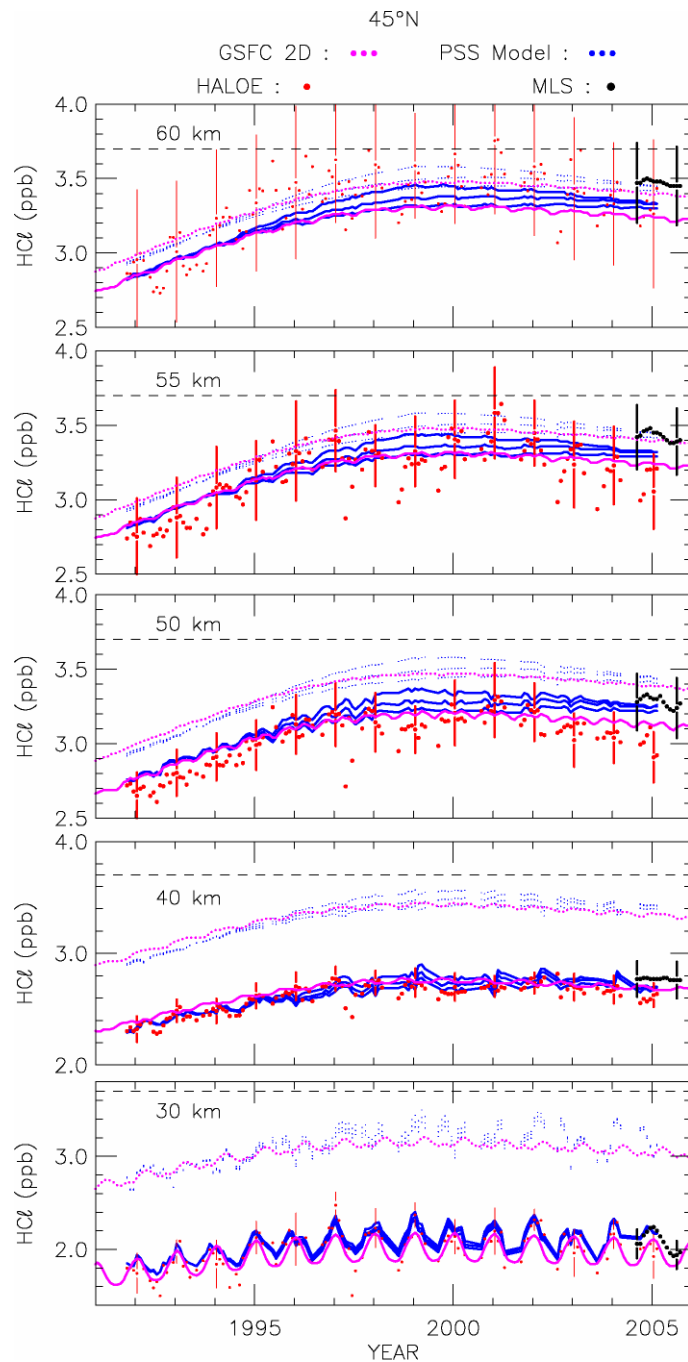
- All distributions have mean age of 6 yrs
- Mean ages of 0.5, 2, and 4 years

# PSS (Photochemical Steady State) Model

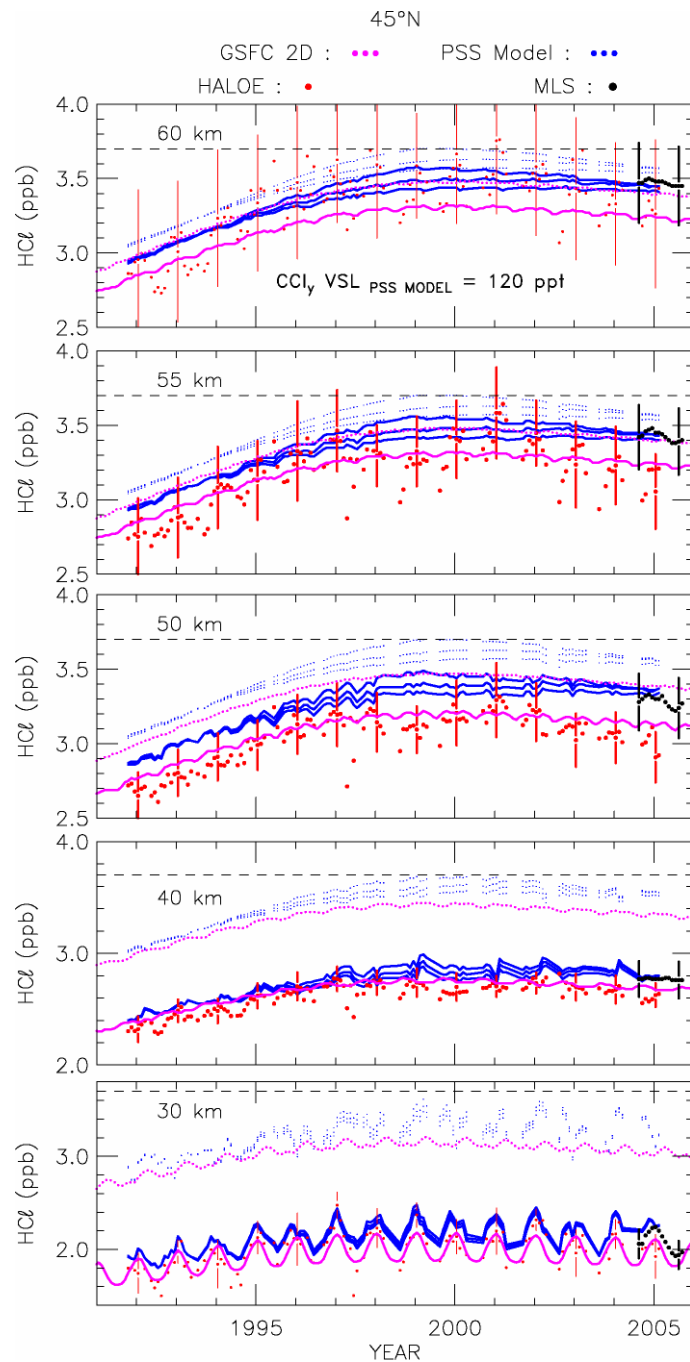
- HALOE  $\text{CH}_4$  used to calculate  $\text{N}_2\text{O}$  (Michelsen *et al.*, *GRL*, 1998)
- $\text{Cl}_y$  and  $\text{NO}_y$  estimated from  $\text{N}_2\text{O}$  using standard correlations
- $\text{O}_3$ , Surface Area,  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , etc from HALOE and SAGE II
- $d\text{N}_2\text{O}/dt$ ,  $d\text{CH}_4/dt$ , Age of Air, and  $\text{CCl}_y$  vs time considered



Same modeling approach used to analyze aircraft & balloon data  
(Salawitch *et al.*, Osterman *et al.*, Sen *et al.*, Jucks *et al.*, etc)



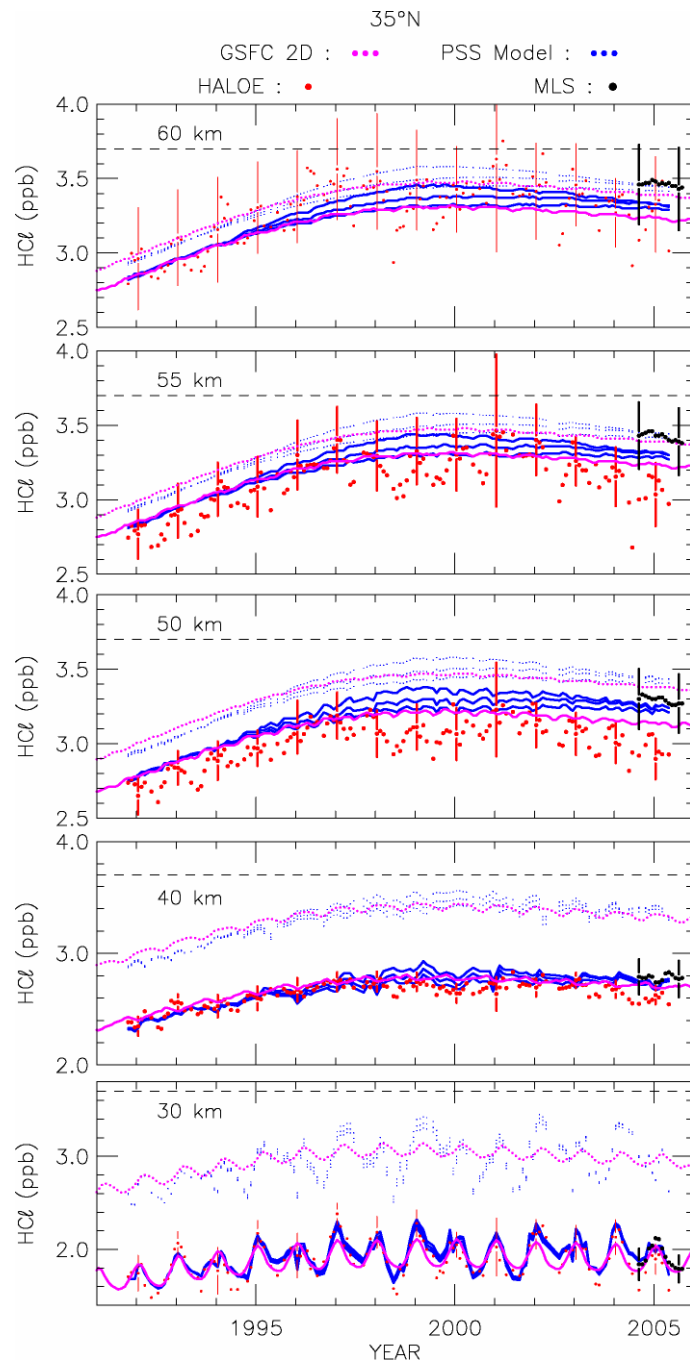
- GSFC HCl indicative of wide age spectrum for all altitudes
- Age spectrum more important ~1997 to 2002
- Models using WMO  $\text{Cl}_y$  underestimate MLS HCl above 40 km



If VSL compounds contribute 120 ppt to Cl<sub>y</sub>  
PSS model:

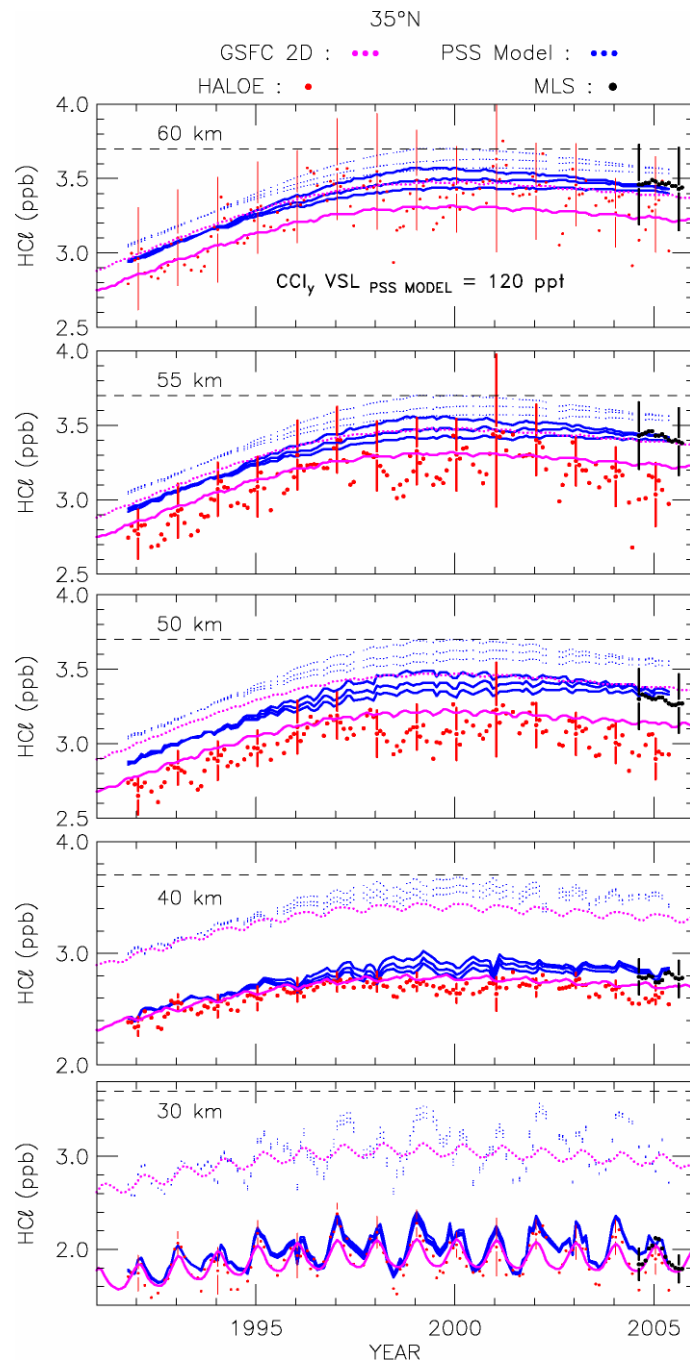
- agrees well with MLS HCl all altitudes (mid 2004 to present)
- overestimates HALOE HCl all altitudes, most times (1992 to present)





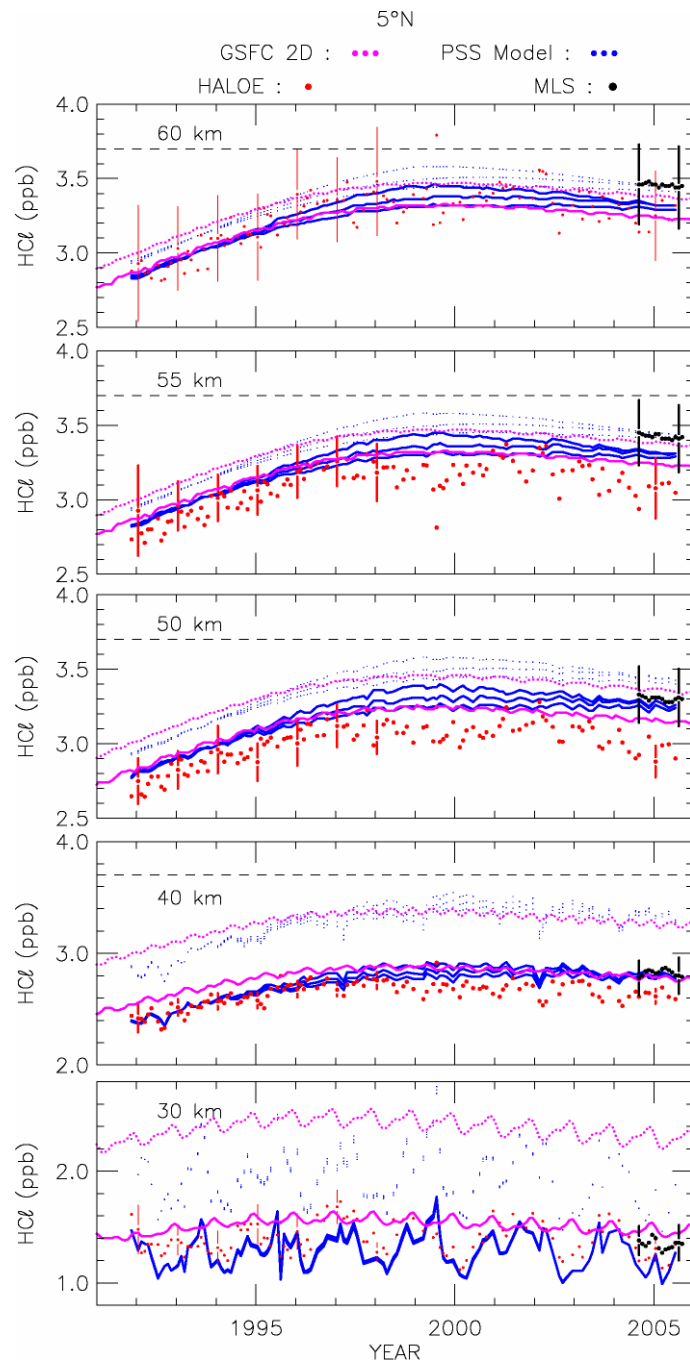
35°N

- GSFC model: WMO Cl<sub>y</sub>
- PSS model: WMO Cl<sub>y</sub>



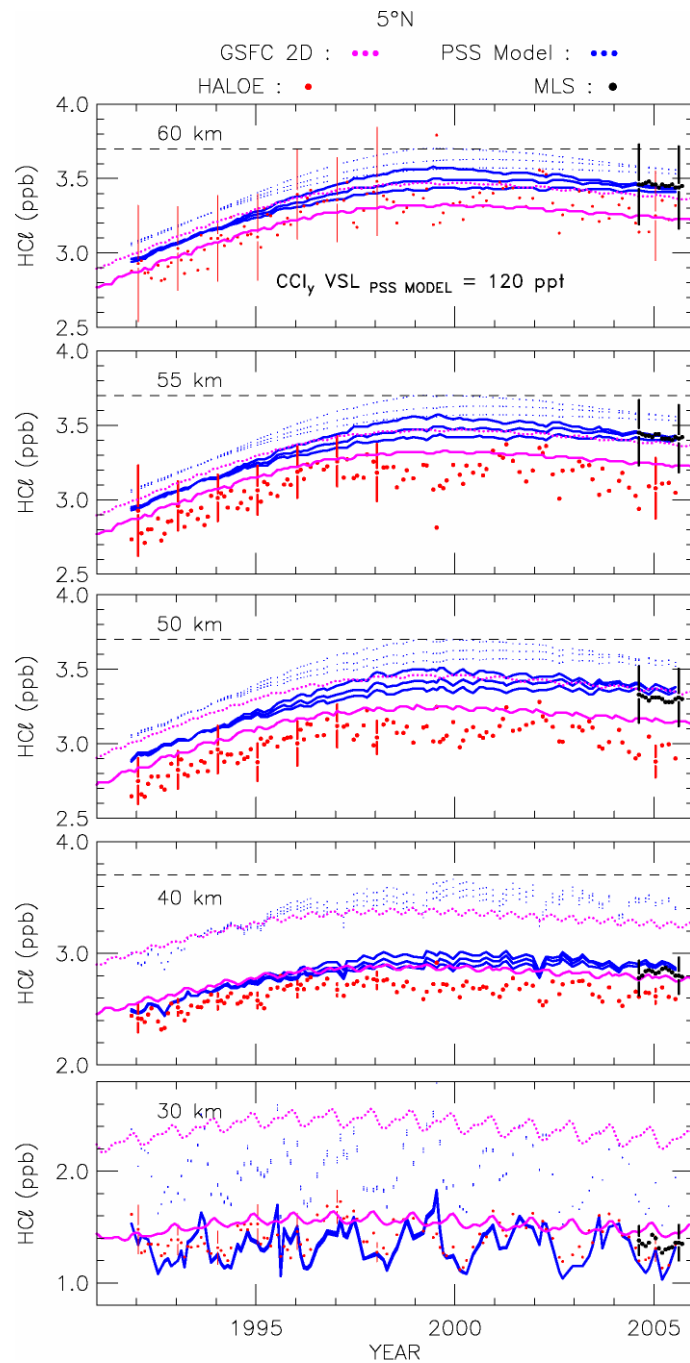
35°N

- GSFC model: WMO Cl<sub>y</sub>
- PSS model: WMO Cl<sub>y</sub> + 120 ppt



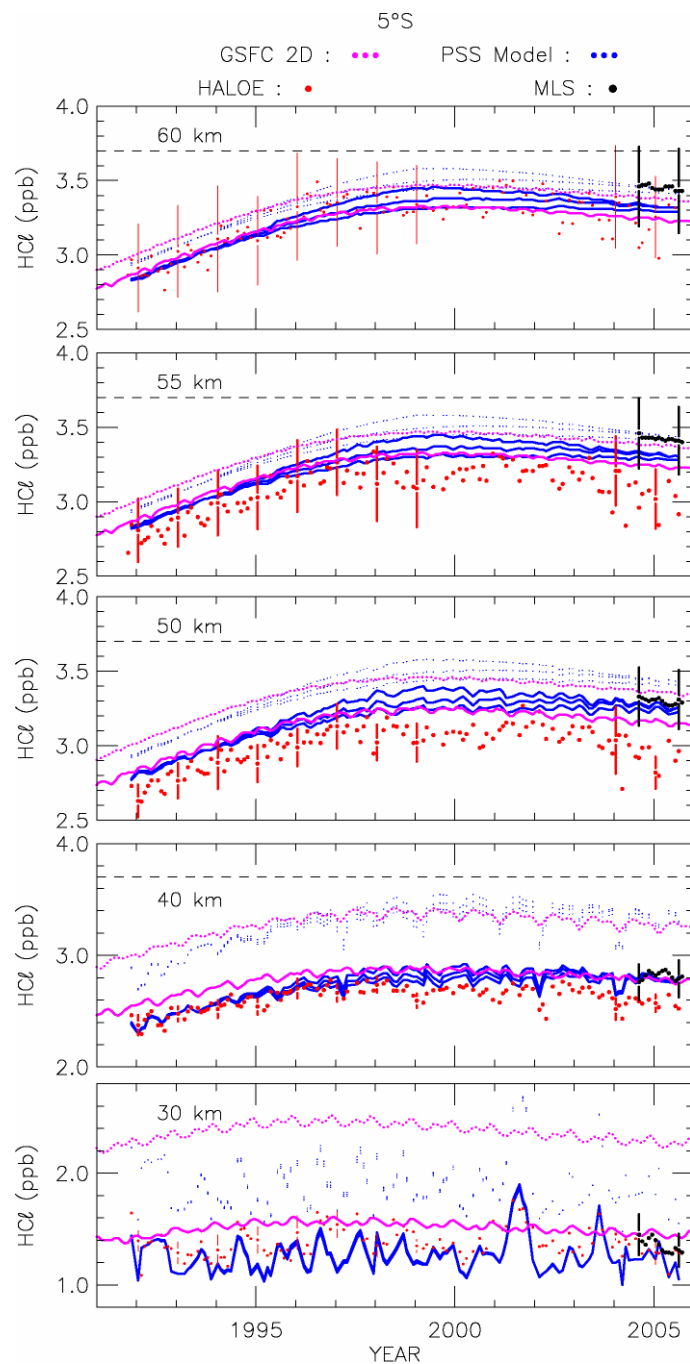
5°N

- GSFC model: WMO Cl<sub>y</sub>
- PSS model: WMO Cl<sub>y</sub>



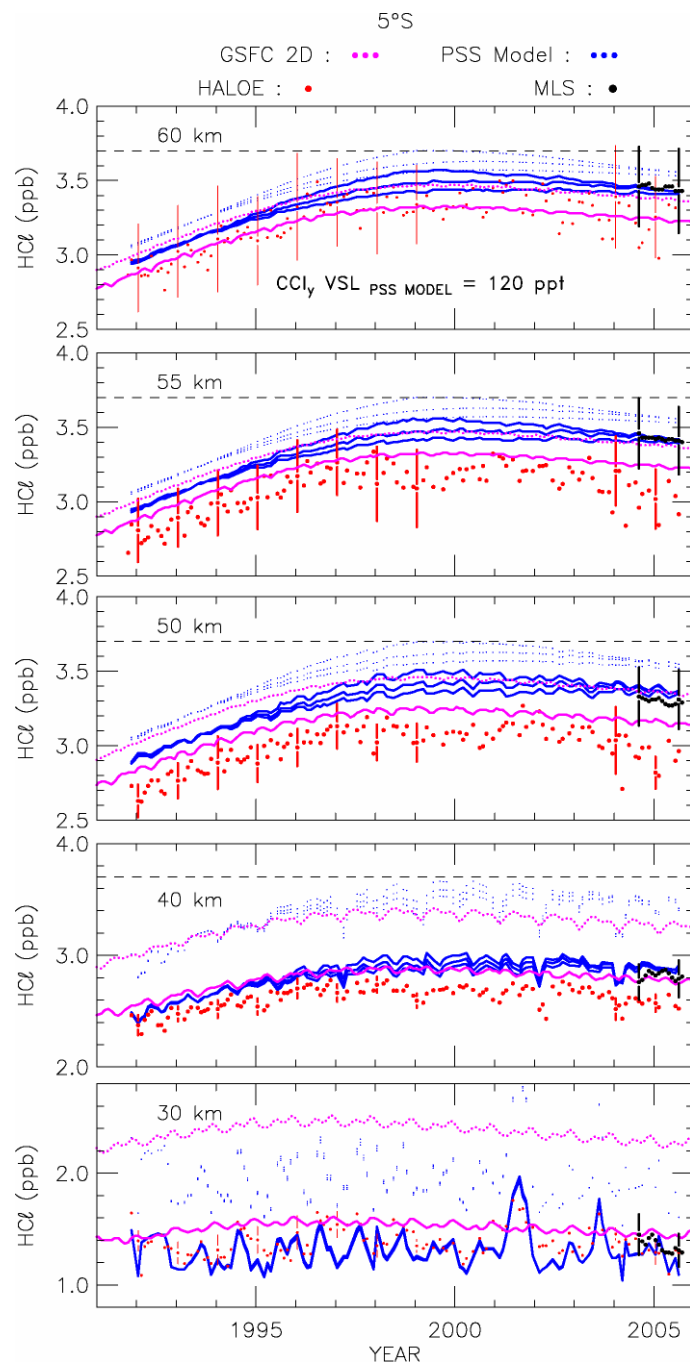
5°N

- GSFC model: WMO Cl<sub>y</sub>
- PSS model: WMO Cl<sub>y</sub> + 120 ppt



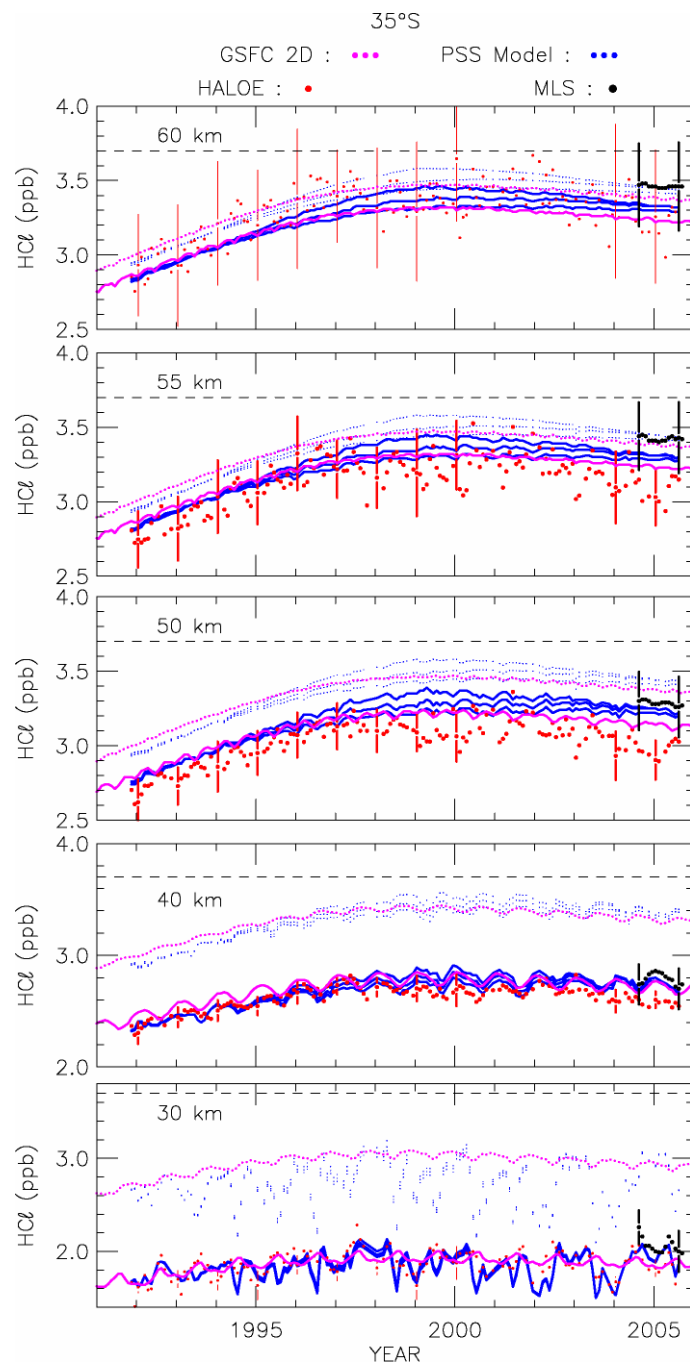
**5°S**

- GSFC model: WMO Cl<sub>y</sub>
- PSS model: WMO Cl<sub>y</sub>



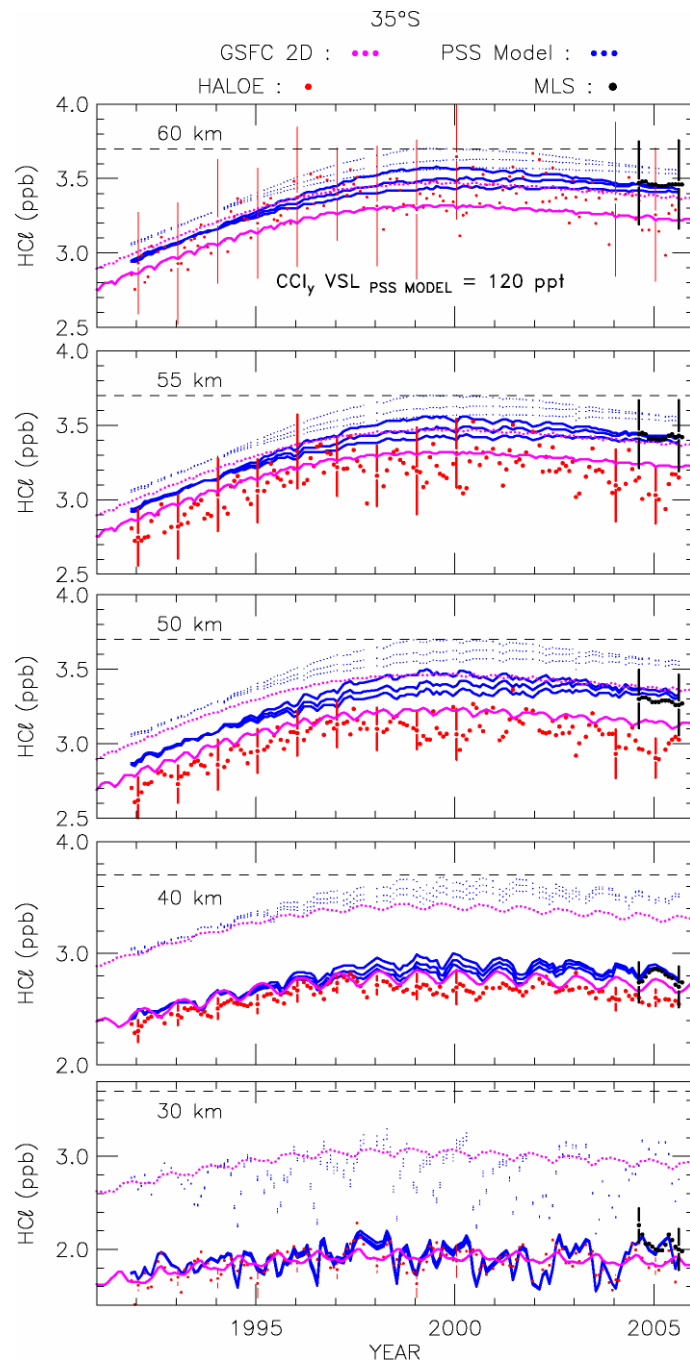
5°S

- GSFC model: WMO Cl<sub>y</sub>
- PSS model: WMO Cl<sub>y</sub> + 120 ppt



35°S

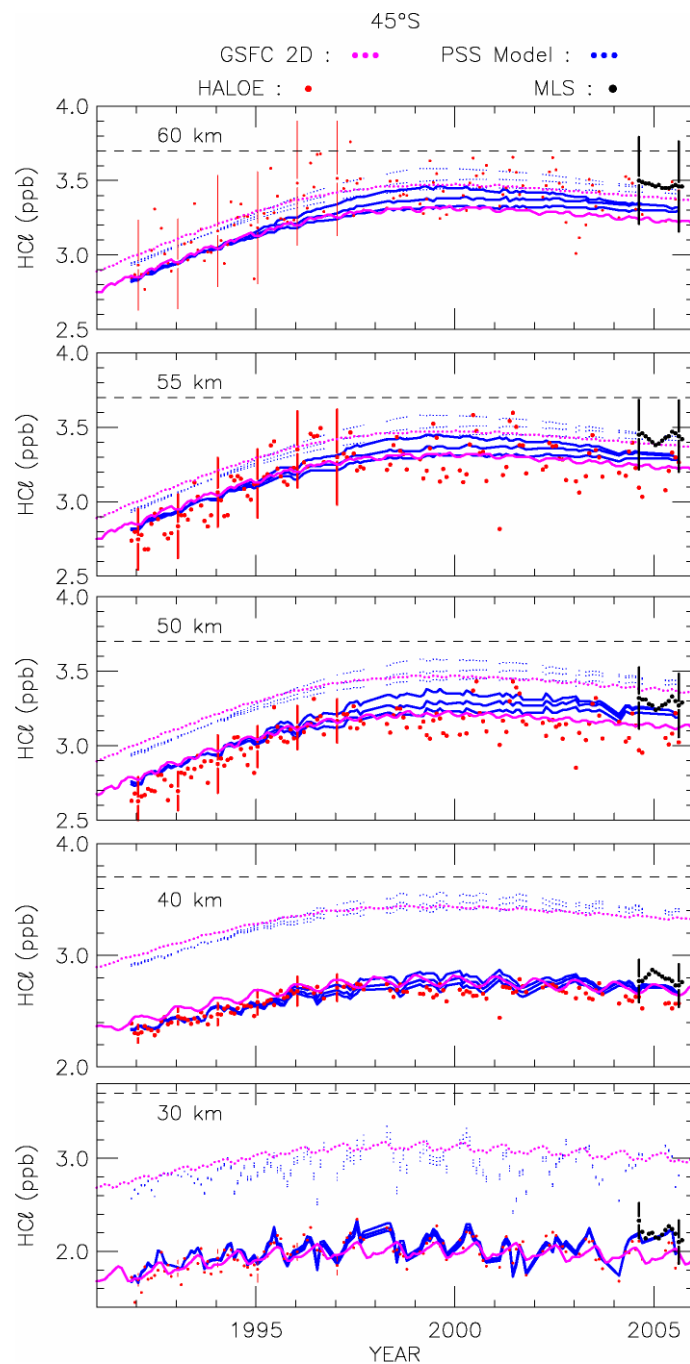
- GSFC model: WMO  $\text{Cl}_y$
- PSS model: WMO  $\text{Cl}_y$



35°S

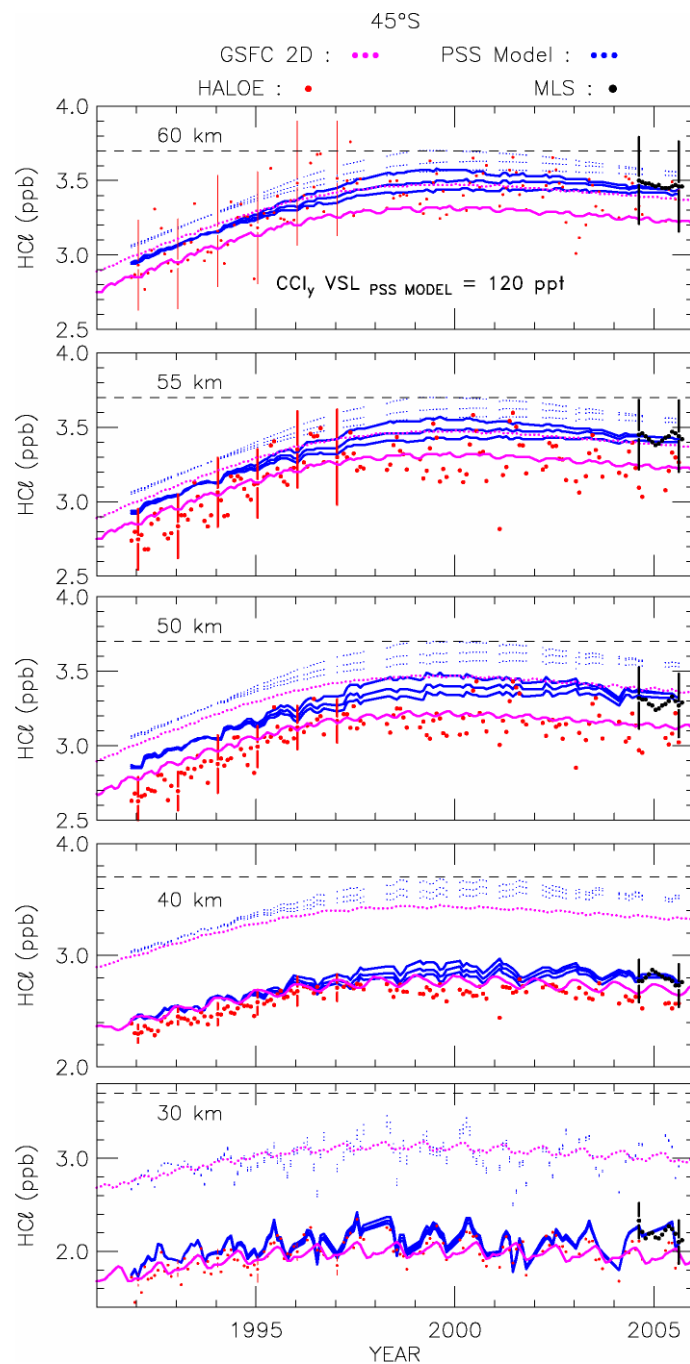
- GSFC model: WMO Cl<sub>y</sub>
- PSS model: WMO Cl<sub>y</sub> + 120 ppt





45°S

- GSFC model: WMO Cl<sub>y</sub>
- PSS model: WMO Cl<sub>y</sub>

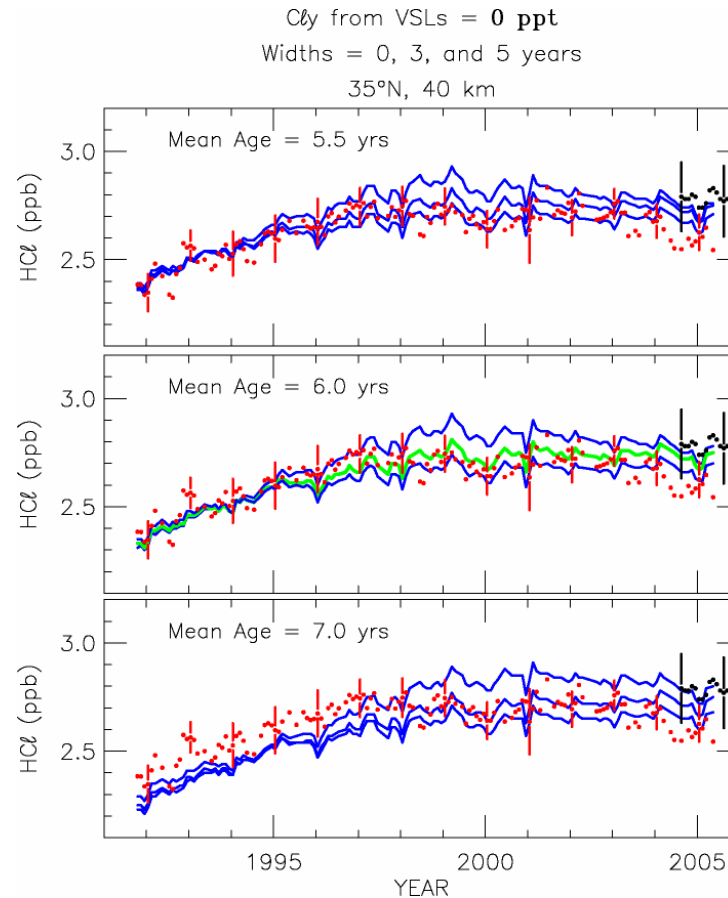


45°S

- GSFC model: WMO Cl<sub>y</sub>
- PSS model: WMO Cl<sub>y</sub> + 120 ppt

# Sensitivity of HCl to mean age and width

35°N, 40 km, No VSL Contribution



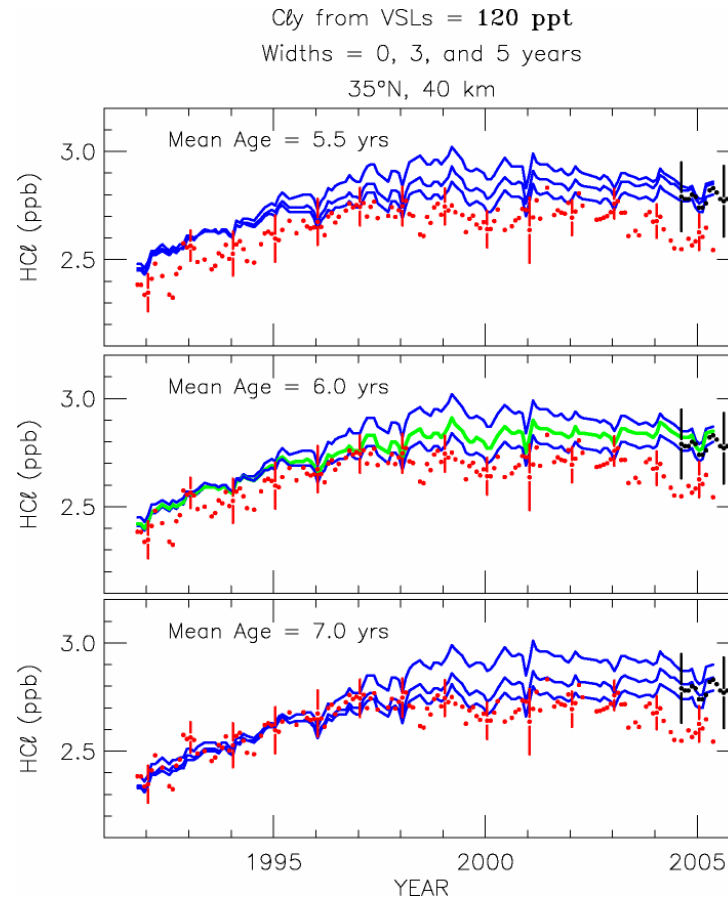
Darryn Waugh: Mean age likely 6 (+1, -0.5) yrs

H<sub>2</sub>O tape recorder & HCF134 data indicate width of 2 to 3 yrs

John Anderson: HALOE HF consistent with age = 6 yrs & width = 3 yrs ⇒ **GREEN CURVE**

# Sensitivity of HCl to mean age and width

35°N, 40 km, No VSL Contribution



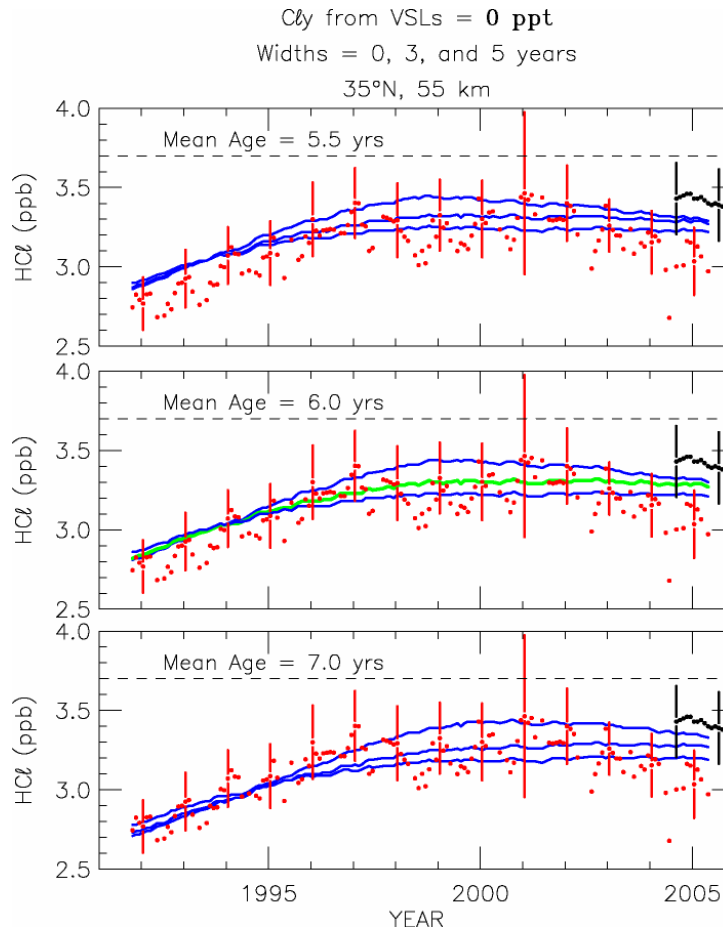
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H<sub>2</sub>O tape recorder & HCF134 data indicate width of 2 to 3 yrs

John Anderson: HALOE HF consistent with age = 6 yrs & width = 3 yrs ⇒ **GREEN CURVE**

# Sensitivity of HCl to mean age and width

## 35°N, 55 km, No VSL Contribution



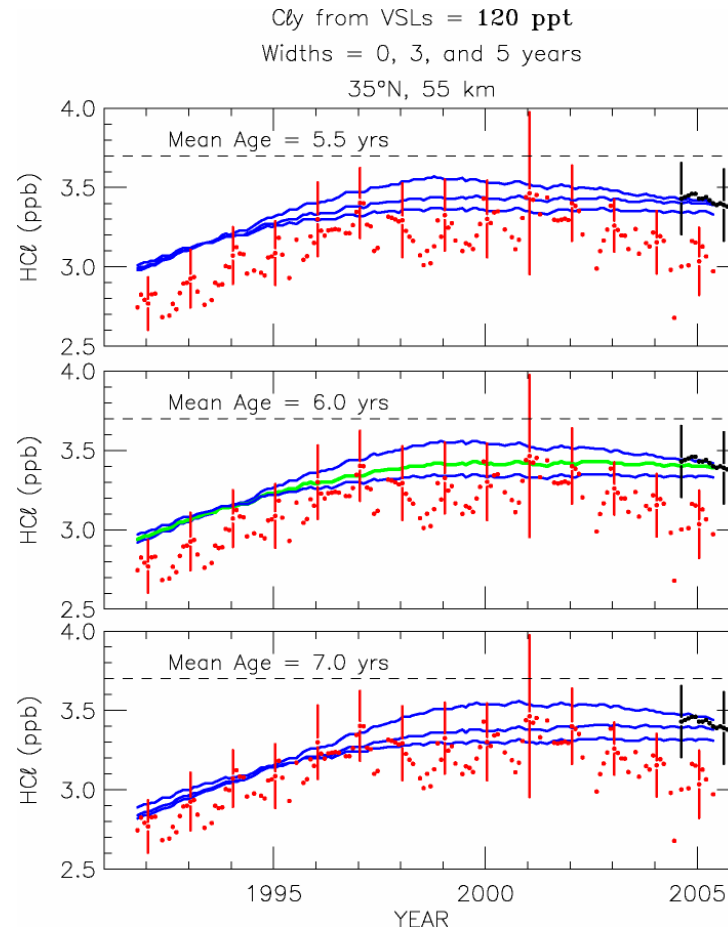
Darryn Waugh: Mean age likely 6 (+1, -0.5) yrs

H<sub>2</sub>O tape recorder & HCF134 data indicate width of 2 to 3 yrs

John Anderson: HALOE HF consistent with age = 6 yrs & width = 3 yrs ⇒ **GREEN CURVE**

# Sensitivity of HCl to mean age and width

## 35°N, 55 km, 120 ppt VSL Contribution



Darryn Waugh: Mean age likely 6 (+1, -0.5) yrs

H<sub>2</sub>O tape recorder & HCF134 data indicate width of 2 to 3 yrs

John Anderson: HALOE HF consistent with age = 6 yrs & width = 3 yrs ⇒ **GREEN CURVE**

- Model HCl in middle to upper stratosphere depends on:
  - assumed  $\text{Cl}_y$  time series
  - mean age of air
  - width of the “age of air spectrum”, particularly between ~1997 and 2002
- Assuming a mean age of ~6 years and a width of 2 to 3 years:
  - UARS **HALOE HCl** generally consistent with **WMO  $\text{Cl}_y$  loading**
  - Aura **MLS HCl** generally consistent with **~120 ppt contribution from VSL species to  $\text{Cl}_y$**
- VSL contribution to  $\text{Cl}_y$  is an area of active research :
  - Chapter 2, Ko, Poulet et al., “Orange Book” (WMO/UNEP 2002 Ozone Assessment)
  - Quantification may require accurate measurements of HCl and VSL compounds in UT/LS
  - HCl solubility suggests  $\text{Cl}_y$  from VSL compounds might be “washed out”
  - Heterogeneous liberation of HCl from aerosols could “interfere with aerosol wash out of HCl”
  - Candidate VSL chlorine compounds:

Species	$\tau$ (days)	Cl content (ppt)
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{Cl}_2$	70	~ 30
$\text{CHCl}_3$	150	~ 30
$\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$	140	~ 26
$\text{C}_2\text{Cl}_4$	70	~ 12

- These species, or their decomposition products, *could* deposit  $\text{Cl}_y$  just above the tropopause

***ODP (Ozone Depletion Potential) of bromine is quite sensitive  
to the  $\text{Cl}_y$  abundance in the lowermost stratosphere***

Extra Material To Follow



# HCl Validation

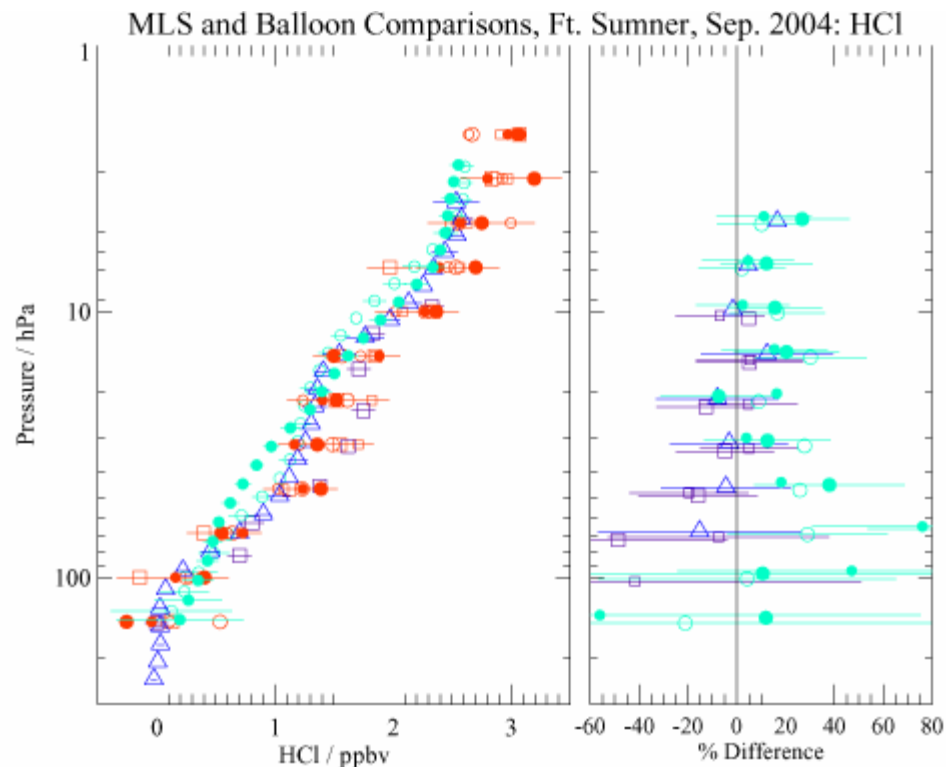
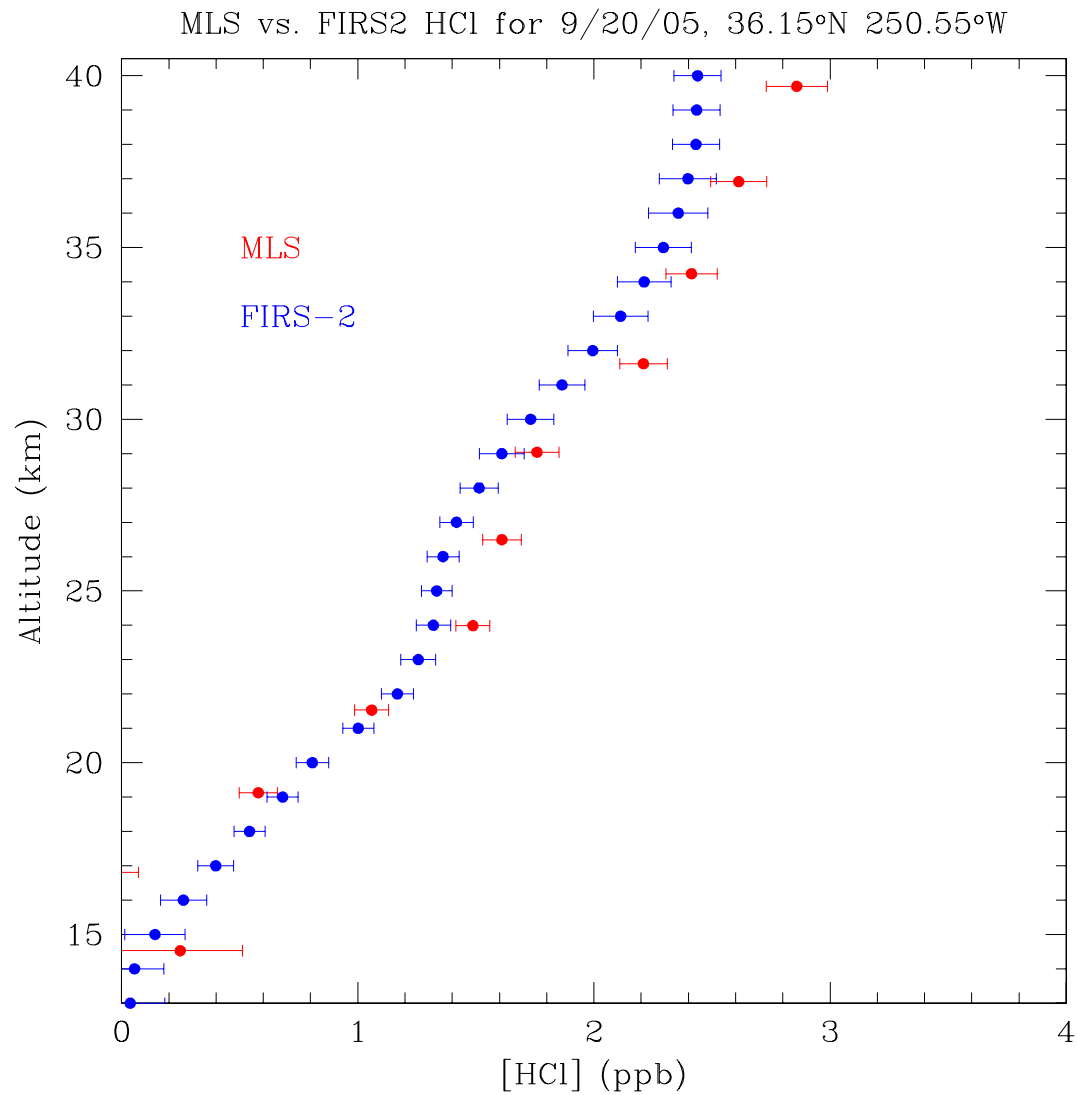


Fig. 17. Similar to Figure 8, but for HCl data. Left Panel: this compares MLS (red symbols) to MkIV (blue triangles) and FIRS-2 (cyan) profiles on Sep. 23/24 2004. Also shown (purple squares) is the ALIAS-II Sep. 17 (*in situ*) HCl profile retrieval, to be compared to the MLS values (red squares) for that day. Right Panel: Percent differences (for MLS minus balloon data) are shown, with symbols referring to the balloon measurements mentioned in the left panel caption. Error bars give twice the random error in these differences.

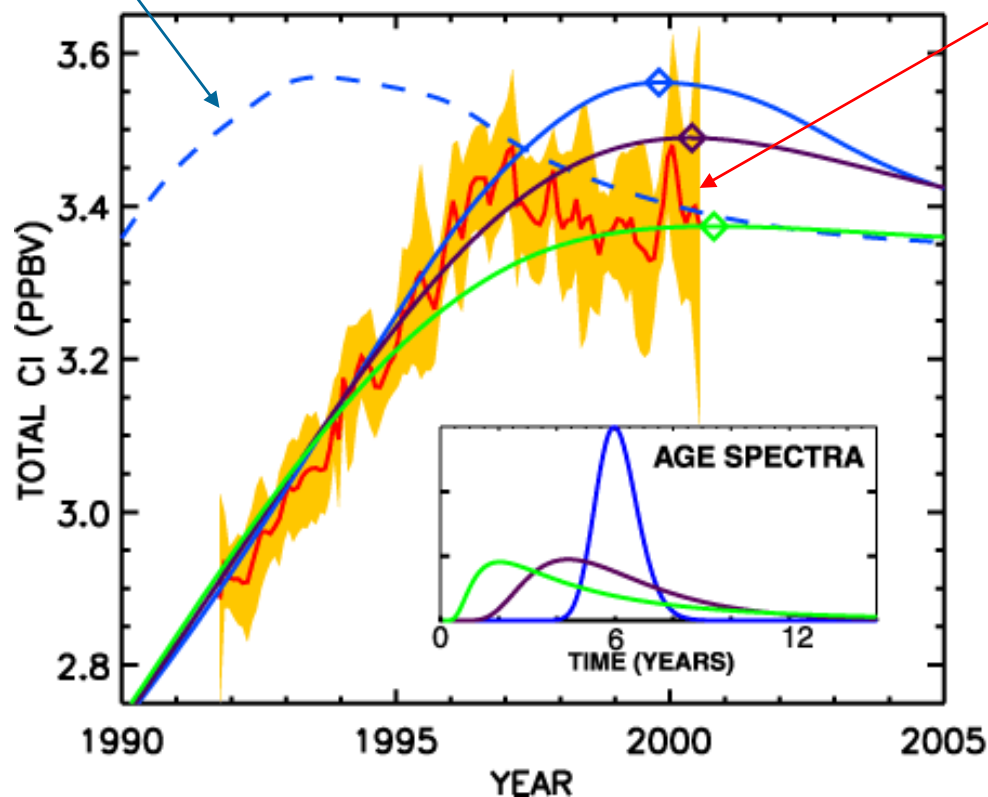
# HCl Validation



# Waugh et al., GRL, 2001

Surface CCl<sub>4</sub>

CCl<sub>4</sub> from HALOE HCl

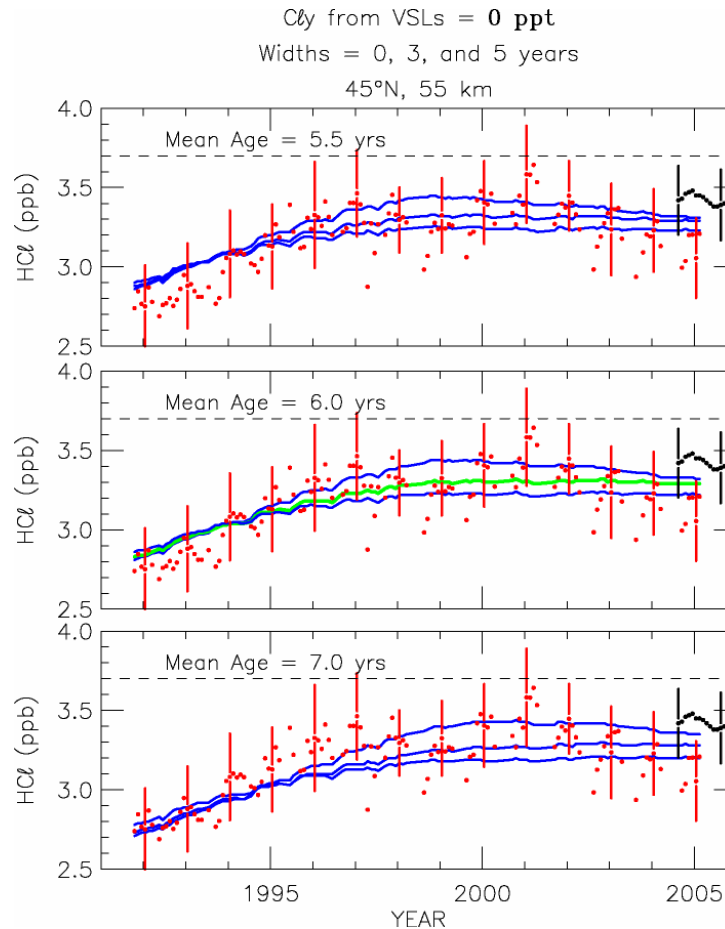


Comparison of CCl<sub>4</sub> inferred from HALOE HCl, 0.46 mbar, with expected time series for CCl<sub>4</sub> with mean age of **6 years**, but various age spectra, as indicated.

**Note: CCl<sub>4</sub> peaks just below 3.6 ppb in this analysis**

# Sensitivity of HCl to mean age and width

45°N, 55 km, No VSL Contribution



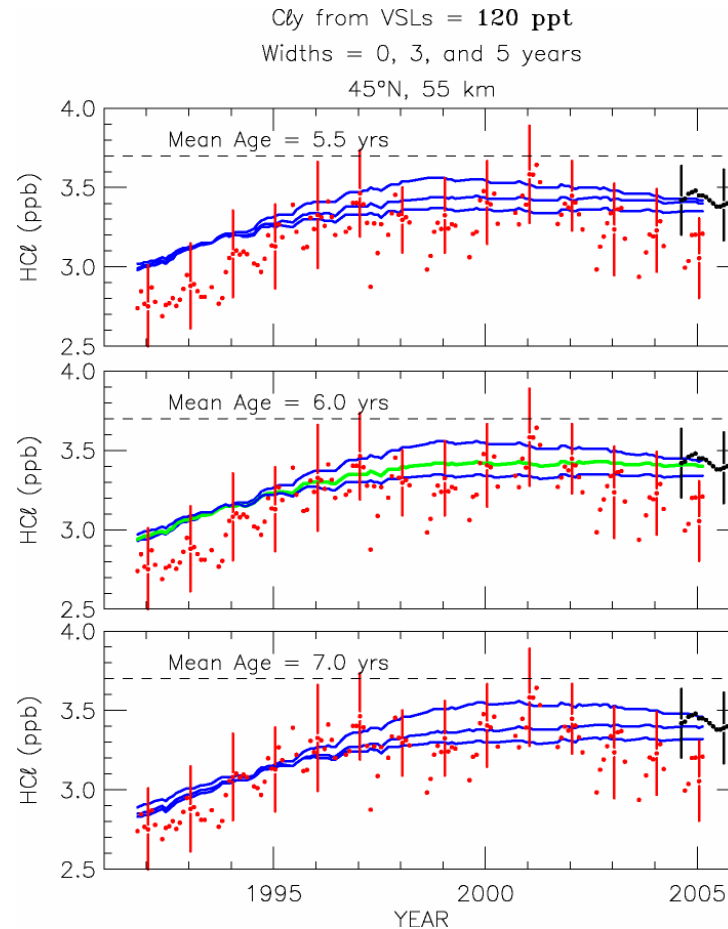
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# Sensitivity of HCl to mean age and width

## 45°N, 55 km, 120 ppt VSL Contribution



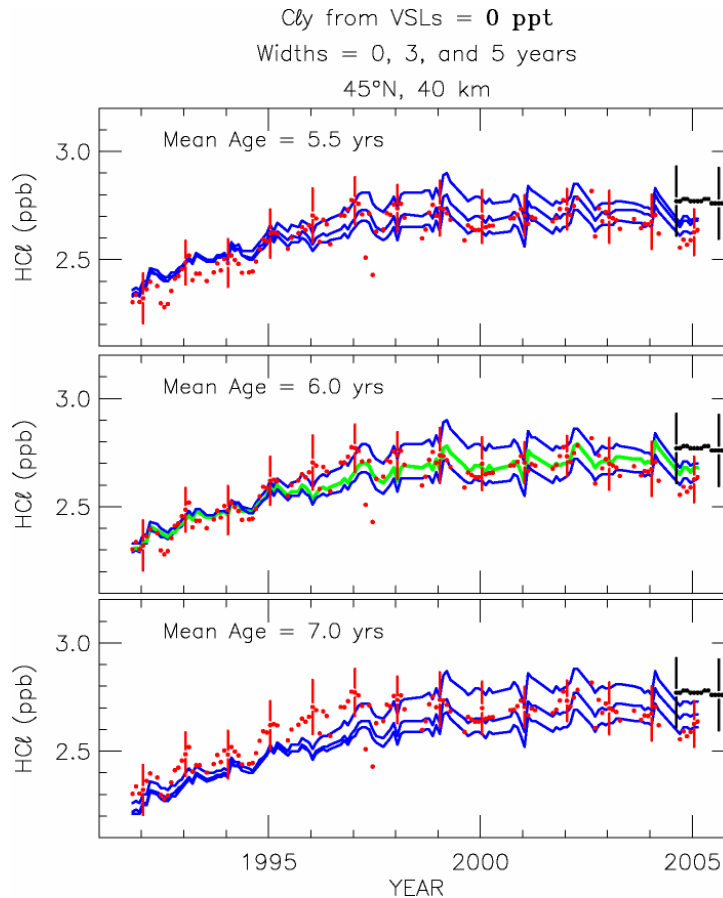
Darryn Waugh: Mean age likely 6 (+1, -0.5) yrs

H<sub>2</sub>O tape recorder & HCF134 data indicate width of 2 to 3 yrs

John Anderson: HALOE HF consistent with age = 6 yrs and width = 3 yrs

# Sensitivity of HCl to mean age and width

45°N, 40 km, No VSL Contribution



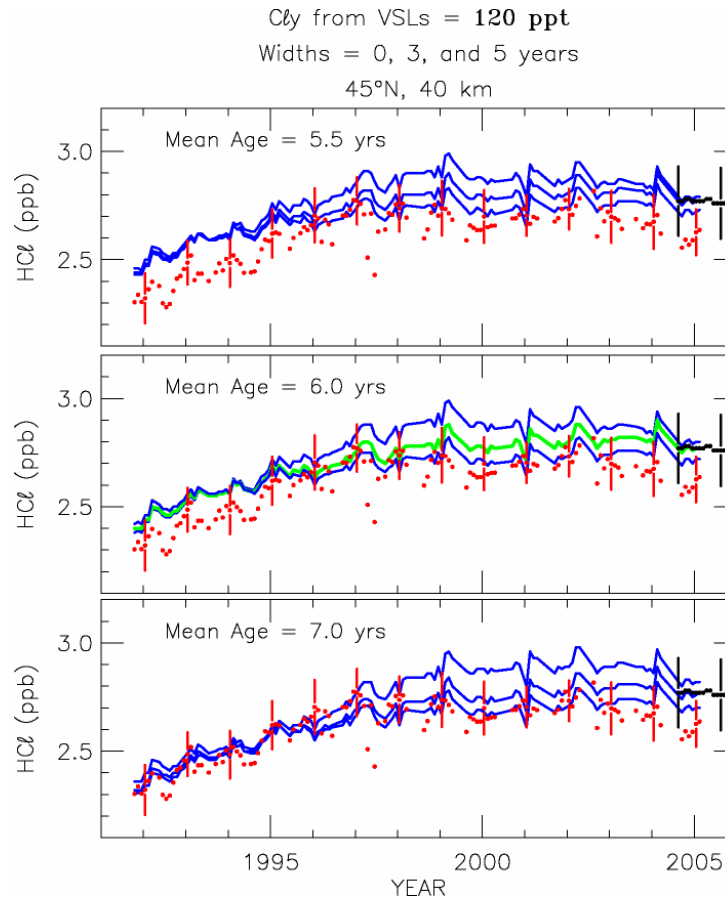
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H<sub>2</sub>O tape recorder & HCF134 data indicate width of 2 to 3 yrs

John Anderson: HALOE HF consistent with age = 6 yrs and width = 3 yrs

# Sensitivity of HCl to mean age and width

45°N, 40 km, No VSL Contribution



Darryn Waugh: Mean age likely 6 (+1, -0.5) yrs

H<sub>2</sub>O tape recorder & HCF134 data indicate width of 2 to 3 yrs

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